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PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number (Optional) 00100.00.0370	
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being forwarded via electronic submission to: Electronic Business Center, Commissioner for Patents, Mail Stop AF on <u>12-27-06</u> Signature <u>Christine A. Wright</u> Typed or printed name <u>Christine A. Wright</u>		Application Number 09/586,907	Filed June 5, 2000
First Named Inventor Rajesh G. Shakkarwar		Examiner Syed Zia	
Art Unit 2131		Examiner Syed Zia	

Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request.

This request is being filed with a notice of appeal.

The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attached sheet(s).
 Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided.


I am the

☐ applicant/inventor.

☐ as signee of record of the entire interest.
 See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed.
 (Form PTO/SB/96)

☒ attorney or agent of record.
 Registration number 34,414

☐ attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34.
 Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34 _____


 Signature
Christopher J. Reckamp
 Typed or printed name
312-609-7599
 Telephone number
12-27-06
 Date

NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*.

☒ *Total of 1 forms are submitted.

This collection of information is required by 35 U.S.C. 132. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11, 1.14 and 41.6. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:	Rajesh G. Shakkarwar	Examiner:	Syed Zia
Serial No.:	09/586,907	Art Unit:	2131
Filing Date:	June 5, 2000	Docket No.:	00100.00.0370
Confirmation No.:	9317		

Title: **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PROTECTION OF COMPUTER ASSETS
FROM UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS**

Mail Stop AF
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

REMARKS FOR PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

Dear Sir:

Applicant respectfully submits that the Examiner's rejections include clear errors because one or more claim limitations are not met by the cited references and the references do not teach what the Examiner alleges.

Claims 1-12, 19-21, 24, 27, 33-39, 45-47, 50, 53, 59-61, and 64-73, stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,586,301 (Fisherman et al.). The Fisherman reference is directed to a personal computer hard disk protection system. The system comprises protection programs that interpret logical drives of the hard disk as a fixed set of zones for a particular user wherein each of the fixed set of zones each has respective access rules. The system includes a hardware module (PPSM) responsive to the protection programs and operable to allow or deny access to the hard disk based on the access rules. Fisherman et al. do not teach or suggest, among other things, determining if an access request is a security risk, then determining the state of a switch, and then determining whether to execute a determined security risk access request based on a determined switch state. Fisherman et al. also do not teach or suggest including in a south bridge a protection engine operable to authenticate an interface control command and to selectively allow or inhibit execution of an interface control command by the interface controller depending on whether or not the source of the interface control command is authentic.

Applicant's claimed invention, as recited in independent Claims 1, 64, and 70, is directed to protecting computer assets from unauthorized access. Applicant claims determining if an interface control command is a security risk and, if so, *then determining the state of a switch*. The interface control command that is identified as security risk is then either inhibited or executed *based on the determined state of the switch* (See, for example, Claim 1, lines 5-11). The cited portion of Fisherman et al. is silent as to determining the state of a switch after an interface control command has been determined to be a security risk and using a switch state to further determine whether to allow or to disallow a hard drive access request or other operation that is known to violate an access rule. If Fisherman et al. detects an access request that violates an access rule, this access operation is simply not performed and an error code is returned. The disposition of the violating access request does not depend on determining a switch state (see, for example, column 6, line 62 through column 7, line 2) after a threatening interface control command has been detected. Therefore, features of Applicant's claimed invention are not taught or suggested by Fisherman et al. Accordingly, independent Claims 1, 64, and 70 are allowable, and the dependent claims add additional novel and non-obvious subject matter and should likewise be allowable.

In addition, Fisherman et al. describes a system that switches on each request. It switches, for example, from an active to a passive mode based on a request. (See for example, column 6 and column 8). Applicant claims a different operation which must be disclosed in its entirety in the cited reference or the claim is in condition for allowance. Since, as noted above, the various limitations of the claims are not disclosed, Applicant respectfully submits that the rejection must be withdrawn.

In addition, other claims are also not disclosed in Fisherman et al. For example, claims 5 and 6 require that determining the state of a switch includes determining the state of an electrical switch or determining the state of a software based switch. As to claim 5, for example, the office action cites column 4, lines 29-30 of Fisherman et al. However, the cited portion is silent as to any

physical switch. Instead, the cited portion actually refers to a module being switched to a passive mode after it is determined what type of program is attempting to change the status indicating that a key program is active. There is no electrical switch or physical switch described nor is there any determining of any state of a switch as claimed after a threat has been detected.

Applicant respectfully submits that the cited portion of Fisherman et al. fails to disclose, inter alia, determining if an interface control command is a security risk, determining a switch state in response to the detected threat, and then determining whether to execute a determined security risk access request based on a determined switch state.

As to independent Claims 33 and 67, these claims are directed to protecting computer assets from unauthorized access. Applicant claims, inter alia, receiving an interface control command in a protection engine *in a south bridge*. The security risk of the interface control command is determined. If the interface control command is determined to be a security risk, then the source of the command is authenticated. An interface control command that is a determined security risk is then inhibited or executed based on whether or not the source of the command is authentic (See, for example, Claim 33, lines 3-10). In Claim 67, Applicant teaches *a south bridge* comprising an interface controller and a protection engine operable to determine if a source of an interface control command is authentic and to selectively allow or inhibit execution of the interface control command by the interface controller depending on whether or not the source of the interface control command is authentic. (See Claim 67, lines 3-11). Most particularly, the cited portion of Fisherman et al. is silent on receiving an interface control command in a protection engine in a south bridge or a south bridge that comprises an interface controller and a protection engine operable to authenticate interface control commands. There is no discussion in Fisherman et al. of a protection engine in a south bridge or of a protection engine and an interface controller in a south bridge. Therefore features of Applicant's claimed invention are not taught or suggested by Fisherman et al.

Accordingly, independent Claims 1, 64, and 70 are allowable, and the dependent claims add additional novel and non-obvious subject matter and should likewise be allowable.

Claims 13-17, 28-32, 40-44, and 54-58, stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fisherman et al. in view of Glossary of Information Technology Acronyms and Terms (here within GITAT). In regards to Claims 13-17, 28-32, 40-44, and 54-58, Applicant references the relevant remarks above. The GITAT reference provides cursory definitions of system input-output (I/O) terms. The GITAT reference does not teach or suggest either (1) determining if an access request is a security risk, determining a switch state, and then determining whether to execute a determined security risk access request based on a determined switch state or (2) including in a south bridge a protection engine operable to authenticating interface control commands. Accordingly, the dependent claims add additional novel and non-obvious subject matter and should be allowable.

Claims 18, 25, 26, 51, and 52, stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fisherman et al. and GITAT as applied to Claims 1 and 13 above, and further in view of Davis (USP 6,205,547). In regards to Claims 18, 25, 26, 51, and 52, Applicant references the relevant remarks above. Davis is directed to a computer managing system. However, Davis does not teach or suggest either (1) determining if an access request is a security risk and then determining whether to execute the access request based on a switch state or (2) including in a south bridge a protection engine operable to authenticating an interface control command and to selectively allow or inhibit execution of the interface control command by the interface controller depending on whether or not the source of the interface control command is authentic. Accordingly, the dependent claims add additional novel and non-obvious subject matter and should be allowable.

Claims 22, 23, 48, and 49, stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fisherman et al. in view of Chen et al. (USP 5,832,208). In regards to Claims 22, 23, 48, and 49, Applicant references the relevant remarks above. Chen et al. is directed to an anti-virus software

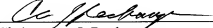
agent. However, Chen et al. do not teach or suggest either (1) determining if an access request is a security risk and then determining whether to execute the access request based on a switch state or (2) including in a south bridge a protection engine operable to authenticating an interface control command and to selectively allow or inhibit execution of the interface control command by the interface controller depending on whether or not the source of the interface control command is authentic. Accordingly, the dependent claims add additional novel and non-obvious subject matter and should be allowable.

Claims 62 and 63 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fisherman et al. in view of Applied Cryptography 2nd Edition (here within AC). In regards to Claims 62 and 63, Applicant references the relevant remarks above. AC is directed to an anti-virus software agent. However, AC does not teach or suggest either (1) determining if an access request is a security risk and then determining whether to execute the access request based on a switch state or (2) including in a south bridge a protection engine operable to authenticating an interface control command and to selectively allow or inhibit execution of the interface control command by the interface controller depending on whether or not the source of the interface control command is authentic. Accordingly, the dependent claims add additional novel and non-obvious subject matter and should be allowable.

Reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of the claims is respectfully requested and a Notice of Allowance is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: 12-27-06

By: 
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